

RECOMMENDATIONS ON COST-REFLECTIVE ELECTRICITY NETWORK TARIFFS

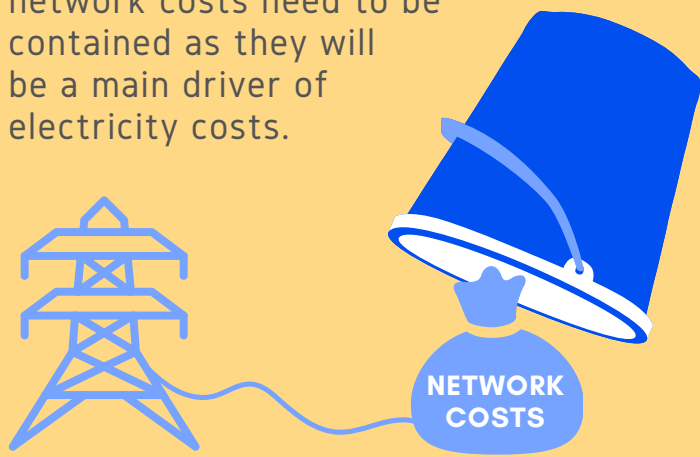
EUROPEAN COMMISSION'S ACTION PLAN FOR AFFORDABLE ENERGY:

More efficient network charges reduce system costs

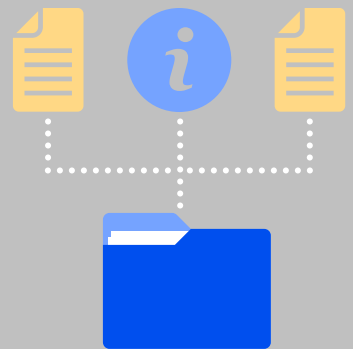
ACER 2025 report on EU electricity network tariff practices



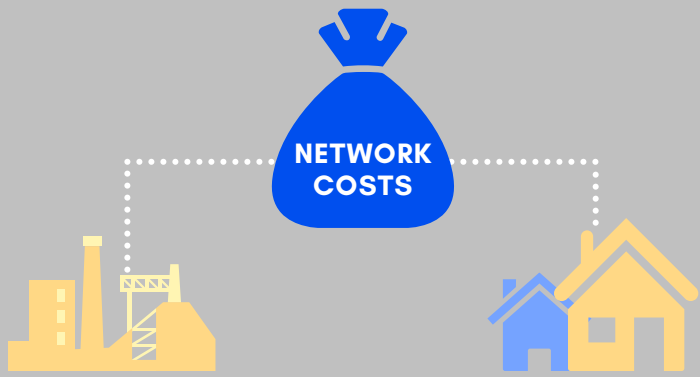
For EU competitiveness, network costs need to be contained as they will be a main driver of electricity costs.



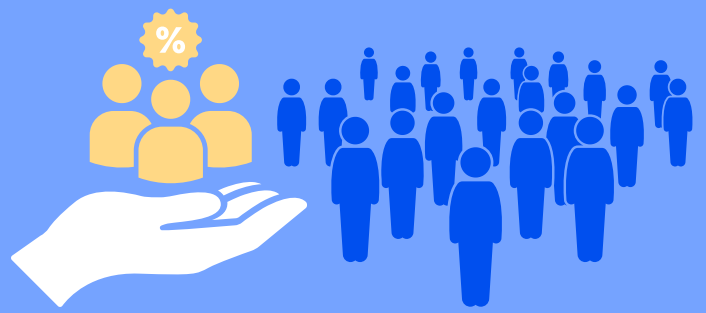
Increase transparency by publishing important network tariff information in a centralised EU database.



Assess whether to charge generation for network costs, and not just consumers.



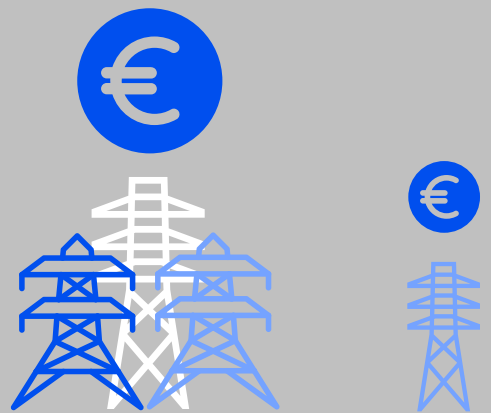
Avoid unjustified exemptions, discounts or specific tariff regimes (e.g. net-metering) that benefit specific groups of network users.



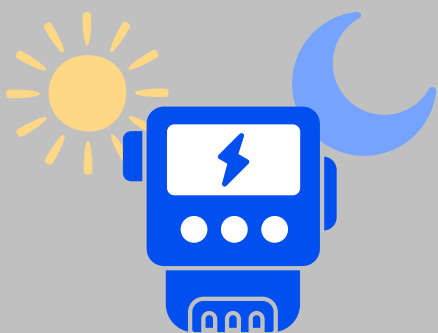
Ensure that bi-directional users (e.g. energy storage) are fairly charged for injecting and withdrawing electricity.



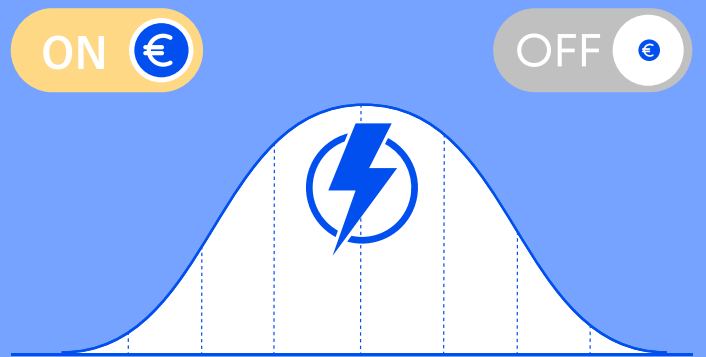
Charge network users for the costs of the voltage levels they use.



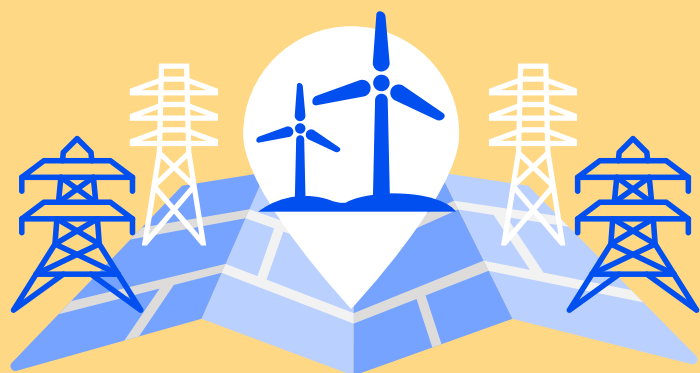
Apply power-based (MW) and/or time-differentiated energy-based (MWh) charges, and not flat energy-based charges.



Link network cost allocation to network peak usage.



Consider location-based signals, such as the deep connection charges of reinforcing the grid.



Consult the public and explain proposed changes in network tariff design.

